

MISSING LILLIAN MAY COOK'S BODY IS FOUND IN SUBURB OF NEW HAVEN

GIRL WHO DISAPPEARED FROM BROOKLYN HOME DEAD AT WEST ROCK

She Is Believed to Have Killed Herself in Cave on Top of Hill, Where Body Is Discovered After Week's Search.

The body of Lillian May Cook of Brooklyn, who disappeared last Thursday, was found this afternoon on top of a hill called West Rock, in Westville, a suburb of New Haven. This information reached Police Headquarters in New Haven through a man named Phillips, who discovered the body but failed to tell in what manner she came to her death.

Westville is five miles from the Mayo factory, where the girl was employed and where she was last seen.

There is a cave called Judges' Cave on top of West Rock. Miss Cook visited it last summer with her roommate. It is believed she sought the spot to kill herself.

A few hours prior to the discovery of the body Virginia Mayo, president of the company by which Miss Cook was employed, admitted he conducted home at No. 546 Fourth Street, Brooklyn, where a woman known as Mrs. Dudley lives with three children. Mayo admitted the parentage of two of these and also admitted he was known in Brooklyn as James Dudley. Mayo's confession brings him forward as a striking figure in the mystery of the disappearance of Miss Cook. Her father has figured only as a solicitor, offering first \$100 reward and then \$500 reward for information of the whereabouts of the girl.

Five years ago Lillian Waterbury, a pretty New Haven girl, was employed by Mayo in his office as a stenographer. After a year of service in Mayo's office she disappeared. It is now known she was taken by Mayo from New Haven to Brooklyn and installed in the Fourth Street house, which he owns. She took the name of Dudley and shortly after her arrival a child was born to her.

MISSING GIRL KNEW OF HIS DUAL PERSONALITY. Mayo visited her once or twice a week, coming in an automobile. The neighbors assumed he was James Dudley, husband of the woman occupying the house. He made no acquaintances in Brooklyn, however, and to-day says he never told anybody his name was Dudley.

Two years ago Lillian Cook obtained employment in Mrs. Dudley's home as nurse to two children, another having been born. She worked in the house for over a year and frequently met Mayo.

After taking a course in stenography Miss Cook went to New Haven to work as stenographer in Mayo's office. She knew Dudley of Brooklyn and Mayo of New Haven were the same man. She lived in the Y. W. C. A. at New Haven.

"GREAT CONGRESS HAS CLOSED," SAYS PRESIDENT WILSON

"Nation Put to Test by War, Its Dignity and Strength Will Appear."

MUCH DONE AT SESSION.

\$1,120,484,324, Total Appropriations Made, Are Millions Below Recent Records.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Following his return to the White House from the Capitol, President Wilson issued the following statement reviewing the acts of the sixty-third Congress, which ended its session to-day:

"A great Congress has closed its sessions. Its work will prove the purpose and quality of its statesmanship more and more the longer it is tested. Business has now a time of calm and thoughtful adjustment before it, disturbed only by the European war.

"The circumstances created by the war put the nation to a special test, a test of its true character and honest self control. The constant thought of every patriotic man should now be for the country, its peace, its order, its just and tempered judgment in the face of perplexing difficulties.

"Its dignity and its strength alike will appear, not only in the revival of its business, despite abnormal conditions, but also in its power to think, to purpose and to act with patience, with disinterested fairness, and without excitement, in a spirit which will firmly establish its influence throughout the world."

Congress had been in almost continuous session since President Wilson's inauguration two years ago.

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

U. S. COURT PERMITS WORK UNDER ALIEN LAW

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The Supreme Court this afternoon granted an injunction against the New York Public Service Commission, temporarily restraining operation of the New York Anti-Alien Labor Law.

This action will permit work to continue on the new subway.

The injunction is operative until the court decides the validity of the Anti-Alien Law in the taxpayers' suit against the Commission.

ARMY MEN TO TRAIN PRINCETON STUDENTS

PRINCETON, N. J., March 4.—Princeton University is to inaugurate a course in military training under the direction of skilled United States army officers. It was learned to-day that the course will not be compulsory. It will open after the Easter holidays.

GERMANS CAPTURE MILE OF TRENCHES; BOMBARD RHEIMS

Berlin Reports Taking of 558 Prisoners and Paris Admits a Reverse.

RUIN IN CATHEDRAL CITY

Shells Fall Every Three Minutes for Entire Day, Says French Report.

BERLIN (via London), March 4 (Associated Press).—The following



statement was issued to-day by the War Office:

"On the heights of Loreto, northwest of Arras, our troops early yesterday morning occupied positions of the enemy nearly one mile wide, capturing eight officers, 154 French soldiers, seven machine guns and six small cannon. Hostile counter attacks during the afternoon failed.

"Renewed French attacks in Champagne were easily repulsed. A French attack in the Argonne, west of St. Hubert, failed. Counter attacking, we occupied a French trench in Cheppy Wood.

PARIS, March 4 (United Press).—German gains in the fighting north of Arras, around Notre Dame de Loreto (the Loreto Hills), were admitted in the official despatches from the battle front to-day. The enemy pressed forward in massed attack and took the advanced trenches of the allies over a considerable distance.

The Germans are again pouring their shells into Rheims, completing their work of ruin. All day yesterday, at intervals of three minutes, shells shrieked across the valley and into the heart of the city, sending buildings tumbling into the streets.

Two Prussian Guard regiments, the Kaiser's prize troops, were partly decimated in a violent attempt to retake positions captured by the French in the Champagne region. The Prussians stormed the French trenches northeast of Meunil, but were beaten off with heavy losses.

French troops have made fresh progress on the plateau of Vauquois, near Varennes, and now hold a large portion of the town. Street fighting continues at all hours.

At several points in the Argonne German attacks have been repulsed.

REJECT RESOLUTIONS INDORSING WILSON POLICY

DES MOINES, Ia., March 4.—An endorsement of President Wilson's European war policy was tabled in the Iowa Senate to-day by a vote of 23 to 9.

MADISON, Wis., March 4.—The Senate to-day rejected by a vote of 19 to 9 a joint resolution extending the Legislature's sympathy and encouragement to President Wilson in handling the neutrality problem.

How the City Is to Be Divided For Operation of New Phone Rates



GERMANS ESCAPE TRAP, TURKISH WARSHIPS IN FLIGHT

Berlin War Office Admits Army Corps Just Escaped From 120,000 Russian Troops.

BERLIN (via wireless to London), March 4. [United Press].—Forty thousand German troops narrowly escaped capture or annihilation by the Russians in the recent fighting around Przasnysz, it was admitted at the War Office to-day. Only by the most desperate fighting and by forced marches did the Germans extricate themselves from an extremely dangerous position.

Following the Germans' easy victory over the Russians near the outskirts of Przasnysz, a single army corps advanced eastward from the town. Russian forces numbering 120,000 closed in on the Kaiser's troops from the east and southeast.

For an entire day a bloody conflict was waged in the marshes, the Slavs attempting to surround the German corps, whose position was most critical. Toward night the Germans cut their way back toward Przasnysz. They were forced to abandon their wounded.

Only Two Forts in Dardanelles Remain Intact, Report in Athens

LONDON, March 4 (Associated Press).—The allied fleet this (Thursday) morning resumed the bombardment of the inner forts of the Dardanelles, according to a despatch from Athens.

"Ten big warships took part in the operations," the despatch says. "According to a British officer, only two of the Turkish forts remain intact. Allied landing parties found the charred remains of soldiers in the damaged forts, showing that the Turks had burned their dead before evacuating those positions."

The latest statement from the Admiralty regarding the Dardanelles operations emphasized the strength of the attacking forces. The battleship Canopus, last heard from in South American waters, is training her 12-inch guns on the Turkish forts. Her sister ship, the Ocean, is also in action, and the 6,500-ton Russian cruiser Askold, carrying twelve 6-inch guns, has joined the fleet. Forty battle-ships and cruisers, supported by a flotilla of destroyers and smaller vessels, making nearly sixty in all, are now in action.

Athens dispatches this afternoon confirmed the report that German artillerymen are manning the Krupp guns defending the Dardanelles.

CHEAPER PHONE CALLS ALL ALONG LINE UNDER NEW RATE SCHEDULE

New York Telephone Co. Officially Agrees to Cut Rate to Five Cents for Interborough Messages.

The New York Telephone Company to-day made formal offer to the Public Service Commission of a new rate schedule, which in general the three things for which The Evening World has contended on behalf of the public:

Five-cent rate for subscribers. Abolition of extra toll charges between most of the boroughs. Reduction in apartment house charges so that tenants may have a five-cent rate.

The telephone company's proposal cuts a total of \$5,000,000 per year out of its revenues in New York City. The preliminary reduction of 10 per cent. last year cost \$2,300,000 and the additional reductions involved in the new schedule are estimated at \$2,700,000.

Radical reductions are made in all classes of service charges. The present direct line rate of 64¢ per call for 100 outgoing messages (5 cents per call) is cut to 54¢ for 600 messages (5 cents per call).

Two-party lines are offered for \$50 per year for 120 messages in Manhattan and Brooklyn, and the same rate for individual lines in other boroughs. Manhattan, Brooklyn and Long Island City are included in a toll-free area. Talking by telephone across East River no longer will involve an additional charge for subscribers.

Extra tolls are continued for traveling regions, but 5 cents has been clipped off present rates in every instance.

Apartment house service has been reduced in cost for switchboards and extension stations so that the cost of 5 cent messages for flat dwellers is near.

If accepted by the commission these rates will go into effect July 1.

The Commission took the new rate schedule under consideration and will announce next week whether or not it will be accepted as terminating the long fight for cheaper service in the metropolis.

There is one particular rate which the Commission regards as objectionable in the company's offer. That refers to the charges for installation of private branch exchanges in small apartment houses. According to the schedule, the cost to the owner of a

SUFFRAGISTS MAKE MEN REMAIN DURING BLAZE

When suffragists handle a fire, why—the fire's just got to go and put itself out. That's all.

This much and more was demonstrated this afternoon when fire started under the kitchen range in the Empire State Campaign Committee's new restaurant, opened recently at No. 70 Wall Street, as a part of the campaign for votes.

Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, Mrs. Charles Howland, Mrs. August Belmont and Mrs. Charles Tiffany are some of the prominent workers behind the new restaurant scheme.

About a dozen men were eating a light luncheon in the room when the cook dashed in and bawled to Miss A. B. Pierce, the young society woman who is serving as manager of the restaurant, that the kitchen was afire. All the men bolted for the door.

"Don't you dare go out of here!" Miss Pierce commanded. "You just sit where you are and see how a woman handles a fire."

HOW PHONE CHARGES WILL BE ARRANGED FOR THE NEW ZONES

Zones 1, 2, 4 and 5 are included in one local area with no toll charges between them. From Manhattan zone 1 to other zones, including 3 and 10, the additional toll charge is 5 cents. To 6 and 10 the toll charge is 10 cents. Between Brooklyn zones 3 and 5 and their adjoining zones 4, 7 and 8 in Queens, there is a 5-cent toll charge. The longest distance in the city from uppermost Bronx to Far Rockaway is 10 cents. The northern part of Queens Island has a 5-cent toll charge to the hatter for subscribers and 10 cents from public pay stations. A public pay station call from Manhattan to Brooklyn and to Queens is 5 cents. A subscriber's call from Manhattan to Queens and to Brooklyn is 10 cents.